

Differentielle Form

$$\frac{\partial \varrho}{\partial t} + \operatorname{div}(\varrho \vec{v}) = 0$$

$$\varrho \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + (\varrho \vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{v} = \vec{f}_0 + \operatorname{div} \mathbf{T} = \vec{f}_0 - \operatorname{grad} p + \operatorname{div} \mathbf{T}' \quad (3.33)$$

$$\varrho T \frac{ds}{dt} = \varrho \frac{de}{dt} - \frac{p}{\varrho} \frac{d\varrho}{dt} = -\operatorname{div} \vec{q} + \mathbf{T}' : \mathbf{D}$$

Integralform

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \iiint \varrho d^3V + \oiint \varrho (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v} \operatorname{ec}n) d^2A = 0 \quad (3.34)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \iiint \varrho \vec{v} d^3V + \oiint \varrho \vec{v} (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}) d^2A = \iiint f_0 d^3V + \oiint \vec{n} \cdot T d^2A \quad (3.35)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \iiint \left(\frac{1}{2} v^2 + e \right) \varrho d^3V + \oiint \left(\frac{1}{2} v^2 + e \right) \varrho (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}) d^2A = \quad (3.36)$$

$$- \oiint (\vec{q} \cdot \vec{v} \operatorname{ec}n) d^2A + \iiint (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{f}_0) d^3V + \oiint (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n} \mathbf{T}) d^2A.$$